

SAFETY DATA SHEET

GLASS & CHROME

Infosafe No.: 7EFD4 ISSUED Date : 02/06/2020 ISSUED by: JASOL AUSTRALIA

NOT CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS

Section 1 - Identification

Product Identifier GLASS & CHROME

Product Code 2080591

Company Name HARVEY

Address 18 Winnellie Road Winnellie NT 0821 AUSTRALIA

Telephone/Fax Number Tel: 08 8935 2900 Fax: 08 8947 2801

Emergency Phone Number 1800 629 953

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use Spray on wipe off window cleaner. Spray On, Wipe Off

Additional Information

Manufactured by: Jasol Australia Address: Level 3, 187 Todd Road PORT MELBOURNE VIC AUSTRALIA Tel: 1800 334 679 Fax: 03 9580 9902

Section 2 - Hazard(s) Identification

GHS classification of the substance/mixture

Not classified as Hazardous according to the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS) including Work, Health and Safety regulations, Australia.

Not classified as Dangerous Goods according to the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail. (7th edition)

Section 3 - Composition and Information on Ingredients

Ingredients				
Name	CAS	Proportion		
2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	0-5 %		
Ethanol	64-17-5	0-5 %		
Ammonia	1336-21-6	0.01-0.1 %		
Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	0.01-0.1 %		
Naphthalene	91-20-3	<0.001 %		
Sodium sulphate	7757-82-6	<0.001 %		
Ingredients determined not to be hazardous		Balance		

Section 4 - First Aid Measures

Inhalation

If inhaled, remove affected person from contaminated area and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Keep at rest until recovered. If symptoms develop and/or persist seek medical attention.

Ingestion

Do NOT induce vomiting. Wash/rinse out mouth thoroughly with water. Seek medical attention.

Skin Was

Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water after handling. If symptoms develop seek medical attention.

Eye

If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush the eyes continuously with running water. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue flushing for several minutes until all contaminants are washed out completely. If symptoms develop and/or persist seek medical attention.

First Aid Facilities

Eyewash and normal washroom facilities.

Advice to Doctor

Vomiting has not been induced because of risk of aspiration into the lungs. Contact Poisons Information Centre. Treat symptomatically.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute, delayed and aggravated medical conditions

No adverse health effects expected if the product is handled in accordance with this MSDS and the product label.

Other Information

For advice in an emergency, contact a Poisons Information Centre (Phone Australia 131 126) or a doctor at once.

Section 5 - Firefighting Measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Use appropriate fire extinguisher for surrounding environment.

Hazards from Combustion Products

Under fire conditions this product may emit toxic and/or irritating fumes and gases including water vapour, carbon dioxide and oxides of sulphur. Incomplete combustion may generate carbon monoxide.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

This product is non combustible. However, following evaporation of aqueous component under fire conditions, the non-aqueous component may decompose and/or burn.

Decomposition Temperature

Not available

Precautions in connection with Fire

Fire fighters should wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) operated in positive pressure mode. Fight fire from safe location.

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

Emergency Procedures

Wear appropriate personal protective equipment and clothing to prevent exposure. Increase ventilation. If possible contain the spill. Place inert absorbent material onto spillage. Collect the material and place into a suitable labelled container. Do not dilute material but contain. Dispose of waste according to the applicable local and national regulations. If contamination of sewers or waterways occurs inform the local water and waste management authorities in accordance with local regulations.

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

Precautions for Safe Handling

Avoid inhalation of vapours and mists, and skin or eye contact. Use only in a well ventilated area. Keep containers sealed when not in use. Prevent the build up of mists or vapours in the work atmosphere. Maintain high standards of personal hygiene i.e. Washing hands prior to eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet facilities.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area, out of direct sunlight. Store in suitable, labelled containers. Keep containers tightly closed. Store away from incompatible materials. Ensure that storage conditions comply with applicable local and national regulations.

Section 8 - Exposure Controls and Personal Protection

Occupational exposure limit values

Napthalene TWA: 10 ppm, 52 mg/m³ STEL: 15 ppm, 79 mg/m³

Ethanol TWA: 1000 ppm STEL: 1880 mg/m³

Isopropyl Alcohol TWA: 400 ppm, 983 mg/m³ STEL: 500 ppm, 1230 mg/m³

2-Butoxyethanol TWA: 20 ppm, 96.9 mg/m³ STEL: 50 ppm, 242 mg/m³

TWA (Time Weighted Average): The average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over a normal eighthour working day, for a five-day week.

STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit): The average airborne concentration over a 15 minute period which should not be exceeded at any time during a normal eight-hour workday.

'Sk' Notice: Absorption through the skin may be a significant source of exposure. The exposure standard is invalidated if such contact should occur.

Biological Monitoring

Name: Isopropanol Determinant: Acetone in urine Value: 40mg/l Sampling time: End of shift at end of workweek Source: American Conference of Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH)

Name: 2-Butoxyethanol Determinant: Butoxyacetic acid (BAA) in urine Value: 200 mg/g creatinine

Sampling time: End of shift

Name: NAPHTHALENE Determinant: 1-Naphtholi + 2-Naphtholi Value: -Sampling time: End of shift Notation: Nq, Ns Source: American Conference of Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH)

Engineering Controls

Use with good general ventilation. If mists or vapours are produced, local exhaust ventilation should be used.

Respiratory Protection

If engineering controls are not effective in controlling airborne exposure then an approved respirator with a replaceable vapor/mist filter should be used. Refer to relevant regulations for further information concerning respiratory protective requirements. Reference should be made to Australian Standards AS/NZS 1715, Selection, Use and Maintenance of Respiratory Protective Devices; and AS/NZS 1716, Respiratory Protective Devices, in order to make any necessary changes for individual circumstances.

Eye and Face Protection

Safety glasses with side shields, chemical goggles or full-face shield as appropriate should be used. Final choice of appropriate eye/ face protection will vary according to individual circumstances. Eye protection devices should conform to relevant regulations. Eye protection should conform with Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1337 - Eye Protectors for Industrial Applications.

Hand Protection

Wear gloves of impervious material such as rubber or plastic. Final choice of appropriate gloves will vary according to individual circumstances. i.e. methods of handling or according to risk assessments undertaken. Occupational protective gloves should conform to relevant regulations.

Reference should be made to AS/NZS 2161.1: Occupational protective gloves - Selection, use and maintenance.

Body Protection

Suitable protective workwear, e.g. cotton overalls buttoned at neck and wrist is recommended. Chemical resistant apron is recommended where large quantities are handled.

Properties	Description	Properties	Description
Form	Liquid	Appearance	Clear blue mobile liquid with a mild ammonia odour
Colour	Blue.	Odour	Mild ammonia odour.
Melting Point	Not available	Boiling Point	> 80°C
Decomposition Temperature	Not available	Solubility in Water	Miscible with water in all proportions.
Specific Gravity	0.99	рН	10.5-11.5
Vapour Pressure	Not available.	Relative Vapour Density (Air=1)	Not available
Evaporation Rate	Not available	Odour Threshold	Not available
Viscosity	Not available	Partition Coefficient: n- octanol/water (log value)	Not available
Flash Point	57°C	Flammability	Does not sustain combustion
Auto-Ignition Temperature	57°C	Flammable Limits - Lower	57°C
Flammable Limits - Upper	57°C		

Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

Chemical Stability Stable under normal conditions of storage and handling.

Possibility of hazardous reactions Not available.

Conditions to Avoid Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight

Incompatible Materials Not available.

Hazardous Decomposition Products Thermal decomposition may result in the release of toxic and/or irritating fumes

Hazardous Polymerization Not available.

Section 11 - Toxicological Information

Toxicology Information

No toxicity data available for this material.

Ingestion

Ingestion of this product may irritate the gastric tract causing nausea and vomiting.

Inhalation

Inhalation of product vapours may cause irritation of the nose, throat and respiratory system.

Skin

May be irritating to skin. The symptoms may include redness, itching and swelling.

Eye

May be irritating to eyes. The symptoms may include redness, itching and tearing.

Respiratory Sensitisation

Not expected to be a respiratory sensitiser.

Skin Sensitisation

Not expected to be a skin sensitiser.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Not considered to be a mutagenic hazard.

Carcinogenicity

Not considered to be a carcinogenic hazard.

Napthalene is listed as a Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans according to International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

Isopropyl alcohol is listed as a Group 3: Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans according to International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

2-Butoxyethanol is listed as a Group 3: Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans according to International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

Reproductive Toxicity

Not considered to be toxic to reproduction.

STOT - Single Exposure

Not expected to cause toxicity to a specific target organ.

STOT - Repeated Exposure

Not expected to cause toxicity to a specific target organ.

Aspiration Hazard

Not expected to be an aspiration hazard.

Other Information

Evidence from animal tests with 2-butoxy ethanol indicate that repeated or prolonged exposure to this chemical could result in liver, kidney, blood and central nervous system disorders. There is evidence that experimental animals are more sensitive to these effects than humans.

Section 12 - Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity

No ecological data available for this material.

Persistence and degradability Not available

Mobility Not available

Bioaccumulative Potential Not available

Other Adverse Effects Not available

Environmental Protection

Prevent large amounts from entering waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

Disposal Considerations

The disposal of the spilled or waste material must be done in accordance with applicable local and national regulations.

Section 14 - Transport Information

Transport Information

Not classified as Dangerous Goods according to the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail. (7th edition)

Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air.

Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea

ADG U.N. Number None Allocated

ADG Proper Shipping Name None Allocated

ADG Transport Hazard Class None Allocated

Special Precautions for User Not available

IMDG Marine pollutant No

Transport in Bulk Not available

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

Regulatory Information

Not classified as Hazardous according to the Globally Harmonised System of classification and labelling of chemicals (GHS) including Work, Health and Safety regulations, Australia.

Not classified as a Scheduled Poison according to the Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP)

Poisons Schedule

Not Scheduled

Section 16 - Any Other Relevant Information

Date of Preparation SDS created: DEC 2016

Literature References

Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals Code of Practice.

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons.

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail.

Model Work Health and Safety Regulations, Schedule 10: Prohibited carcinogens, restricted carcinogens and restricted hazardous chemicals.

Workplace exposure standards for airborne contaminants.

Adopted biological exposure determinants, American Conference of Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH).

Globally Harmonised System of classification and labelling of chemicals.

Contact Person/Point

The company has taken care in compiling this information. No liability is accepted whether direct or indirect from its application since the conditions of final use are outside the Company's control. The end user is obliged to conform to relevant government regulations and/or patent laws applicable in their respective States of Countries.

24-Hour Emergency Telephone: AUS: 1800 629 953 NZ: Poisons 0800 764 766, Spills 111 FIRE.

END OF SDS

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